1	THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
2	DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS (Boston)				
3	No. 1:23-cv-10511-WGY Vol 1, Pages 1 - 83				
4	VOI I, Pages I 03				
5					
6	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, et al, Plaintiffs				
7					
8	vs.				
9					
10	JETBLUE AIRWAYS CORPORATION, et al, Defendants				
11					
12	****				
13					
14	For Bench Trial Before: Judge William G. Young				
15					
16	United States District Court				
17	District of Massachusetts (Boston) One Courthouse Way				
18	Boston, Massachusetts 02210 Thursday, November 16, 2023				
19					
20	*****				
21	REPORTER: RICHARD H. ROMANOW, RPR				
22	Official Court Reporter United States District Court				
23	One Courthouse Way, Room 5510, Boston, MA 02210 rhrbulldog@aol.com				
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1	I N D E X				
2					
3	WITNESS	DIRECT CROSS	REDIRECT	RECROSS	
4					
5	LEONARDO LAGE (Continued.)				
6	By Mr. Doidge:	5	4 9		
7	By Mr. Nagley:	28			
8					
9	CLAIRE ROESCHKE				
10	By Ms. Baldwin:	53			
11	By Mr. Hauser:				
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14	EXHIBITS				
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16	EXHIBIT 794		• • • • • • • • • •	15	
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PROCEEDINGS
 1
 2
           (Begins, 9:00 a.m.)
 3
           THE COURT: Good morning. If you'd remind the
     witness.
 4
 5
           THE CLERK: I'd like to remind you, sir, that you
     are still under oath.
 6
 7
           Do you understand?
 8
           THE WITNESS: Yes, I do.
 9
           THE COURT: You may continue.
           MR. DOIDGE: Thank you, your Honor.
10
11
12
     DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. DOIDGE: (Continued.)
     Q. Mr. Lage, when we broke yesterday -- and good
13
14
     morning, we were examining Lage Demonstrative D. If you
15
     could turn back to that. Lage Demonstrative D is taken
     from Exhibit 332 in evidence.
16
17
     A. (Looks.) Okay.
     Q. And so, Mr. Lage, each of these columns relates to
18
19
     a -- each of the columns that you see in the
20
     demonstrative, relates to a position in the United
21
     Airlines 8-character alphanumeric fare basis code,
     correct?
22
23
     A. Yes, they do.
24
     Q. And you created this based on your observation of
25
     how United was using its fare basis codes at this point
```

in time, correct? 1 The document was created from, um, ATPCO data which 2 are then used to, um, try to, um, decipher what each 3 character in the fare basis code could possibly mean as 4 5 I observed the data. And so just to be clear. If we just take, for 6 example, the third row, that is -- well let's use the 8 4th row -- the 4th column. The 4th column is identified as "AP," right? 9 That's correct, that would be the "Advanced 10 11 Purchase" restriction of the fare. 12 Thank you. And what you see in the United fare 13 basis codes, in that 4th character, is that they may be 14 using a 2, a 4, a 1, a 7, a 3, etc., right? 15 Correct. So at that time, based on the ATPCO 16 data, that's what it was telling me. 17 Q. And what you were to decipher is that 2, in that position of the United fare basis code, is equivalent to 18 19 or demarcates a 21-day Advanced Purchase fare for 20 United, right? That's correct. So when I looked at United 21 Α. 22 Airlines' fares, we look at that specific fare rule

governing that fare, it appeared that at the time a 2 in

the 4th position would require a customer, 21 days in

advance, to obtain that fare.

23

24

- And you're going through this exercise to gain a 1 better understanding of what the United fares may be 2 3 related to, right, that's part of this process for you? That's one of the, um, things that I try to do, yes. 4 Now directing your attention to Column F, the 6th 5 6 column, you've labeled this as "Match," right? That's a term used very loosely. Again this is my 8 cheat sheet, so basically meaning by "Match," what I'm trying to say here is that's possibly being filed in 9 10 order to be competitive for this specific carrier. 11 Q. To put it slightly differently, there you're 12 observing that at this point in time United was using 13 this character in its fare basis codes to track sort of 14 specific competitor issues, right? 15 Right, they appeared to be using that character 16 whenever they were addressing a competitive issue in 17 their market with Frontier Airlines. Q. So United is using a unique tab to identify that the 18 19 fares related to a specific competitive purpose, right? 20 A. Correct. The fare was filed, um -- it appeared from 21 my observations, based on fare levels and rule restrictions, that the fare filed with this character 22
 - Q. Okay. And that's -- and when you say "for

was a competitive filing, um, for Frontier in their

23

24

25

markets.

Frontier," you mean that if you were to see a C in that 1 position of the United fare basis code, that tells you 2 it's fare-related to Frontier, right? A. Based on my observations, um, yes. 4 5 Q. All right. So let me ask you to turn to another 6 document you created called "Lage Demonstrative C." It should be right next to the other one. Well adjacent to 8 it in your binder. 9 A. (Turns.) 10 Mr. Lage, this is your -- this is also from Exhibit 11 332 and this is your deciphering of the American 12 Airlines fare basis code, right? 13 A. That's correct. 14 Q. And similarly here -- here we see that if we look at 15 the 4th position of the American Airlines fare basis 16 codes, you've identified that as "Carrier Match," right? 17 A. Again that is being used not necessarily to match a fare level or a fare rule, basically as a tool to be 18 19 competitive with another -- with a specific carrier in 20 their market. Q. All right. And so, for example, when you see "J" in 21 this 4th position of the American Airlines fare basis 22 23 code, it indicates to you that it's a fare action 24 American is taking that relates to something JetBlue has 25 done, right?

That's correct. Based on my observations at the 1 Α. time, most fares that have this character, um, it 2 3 appeared to me they were related to a competitive filing with JetBlue.

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- 5 Q. All right. And so, Mr. Lage, it's your understanding that, for example, this character "J," 6 that doesn't relate to any specific term or condition of 8 sale associated with the fare, right?
 - It does not tell me anything about selling, um, availability, or anything else, it just basically gives me a clue as to what I may be looking at as far as an initiative by American Airlines.
 - But this is just a cosmetic component of a fare basis code as American has constructed it, right?
 - It's not only cosmetic, it could be administrative as well. These characters, um -- working for legacy carriers myself, will help us process fares in a faster manner when we're doing our market maintenance.
 - And in terms of transmitting information that would be relevant to a consumer, again it's not related to any term or condition of sale, right?
- It would not be as far as fare restrictions, it 22 23 wouldn't have anything to do with fare restrictions for 24 a consumer, no.
- 25 Q. Mr. Lage, it's fair to say that seeing these types

```
1
     of codes can help you understand the strategic purpose
 2
     of a fare action, right?
 3
         That's one of the things that I would use that code
     for, yes.
 4
 5
         And so just to take an example. If you were to see
     JetBlue file a fare increase in one transmission and
 6
     then observe American filing a fare increase in the next
8
     transmission with J in the 4th position, that would
     provide you with an indication that United -- that the
 9
10
     American increase may be related to the JetBlue
11
     increase, right?
12
     A. So based on my observations about what I would
13
     expect to see, that if I analyzed that data further and
14
     compared fare levels, compared fare rules, it would more
15
     than likely be associated with a JetBlue competitive
16
     initiative, yes.
17
     Q. And for another example, Mr. Lage, if you were to
     see say J in the fare basis code of American, that you
18
19
     believed was a cross-market initiative, seeing that J
20
     would help you evaluate whether or not the American
21
     cross-market initiative is related to a fare action by
     JetBlue, right?
22
23
           MR. NAGLEY: Objection, your Honor. Foundation.
24
           THE COURT: No, overruled. He's exploring the
25
```

issue.

A. Could you repeat the question again please?

Q. Sure. Well let me shift to a United example.

Let's suppose, as we were seeing before, that you saw "H" in the 6th position of the United fare basis code, and you had reason to think that this fare may be a cross-market initiative by United. Seeing that "H" in the 6th position of the United fare basis code can help you evaluate whether or not that is a fare -- is a cross-market initiative that's directed at JetBlue, right?

- A. So in my analysis, in my observation, if I were to decide that -- it is a cross-market initiative, as you mentioned, that would give me an indication to -- where to look further to try to understand what the action is about. But I would have to assume that my observation that this is a cross-market initiative would be accurate.
- Q. Fair enough, Mr. Lage. But this would provide you with another clue to start looking at fares that might be related to JetBlue markets that United had filed, right?
- A. Exactly. This cheat sheet gives me kind of like a step of, um -- more efficiency than me analyzing the hundreds of fares that I need to -- the thousands of fares that I need to look at on a daily basis.

- Q. Mr. Lage, you can put that demonstrative aside. And let me ask you about another element in your -- in Exhibit 332, in this tool you created.
 - Mr. Lage, um -- so I want to talk a little bit about footnotes.

And just to step back for a moment. Fares may have footnote designators associated with them, right?

- A. That's correct.
- 9 Q. A footnote designator is a 1 or 2 character 10 alphanumeric code, right?
- 11 A. That's correct.
- Q. And the same footnote designator could be used for multiple fare basis codes and across multiple markets, right?
 - A. Could you repeat that again?
- 16 Q. Sure.

4

5

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The same footnote designator could be used for multiple fare basis codes and it can also be used to cross multiple markets, right?

- A. That's correct. And for multiple filings as well.
- Q. And so the footnote designator can help you link a single fare action across multiple markets, right?
 - A. It associates a lot of fares into one group that I can then analyze much easier, yes.
 - Q. So let me ask you to turn to another demonstrative

```
that we've prepared, and this is, um --
1
 2
           (Pause.)
 3
           MR. DOIDGE: Excuse me, your Honor.
           (Pause.)
 4
 5
         Lage Demonstrative E. Thank you.
     Q.
 6
     A. (Looks.)
           MR. DOIDGE: Your Honor, Lage Demonstrative E is
8
     taken from the first tab of Exhibit 332.
9
     A. (Looks.)
         And, Mr. Lage, this reflects -- this reflects your
10
11
     effort to track footnote designators that other carriers
12
     are using, right?
         That's one of the uses of this document that I
13
14
     prepare for myself, yes.
15
     Q. And you're examining these footnotes to better
16
     understand the fare actions of other airlines, right?
17
     A. Among other things, that's one of the possibilities,
18
     yes.
19
         And here you are tracking the footnotes of American,
20
     Delta, Southwest, United, and JetBlue, correct?
     A. (Looks.) That's correct.
21
22
     Q. And among other things, one of the things you would
23
     try to do in this exercise is to identify whether or not
24
     a footnote is associated with the cross-market
25
     initiative, right?
```

- A. Cross-market initiatives, substructure fares, core structures, it depends on the use of the footnote, that's what I try to remark just to get myself a, um -- again this is a cheat sheet that I use on a daily basis
- Q. And cross-market initiatives, whether or not a footnote is associated with a cross-market initiative is one of the things that you're trying to identify here, right?
 - A. Yes, if it's at the time that I do the review, that footnote happens -- in my observation happens to be what I think is a cross-market initiative, I would remark it in my document, yes.
 - Q. You can put that -- you can put that exhibit aside.

 So let me ask you just to -- let's talk about one
 more example of a cross-market initiative that you
 observed. And so I would ask you to turn to Tab AEF in
 your binder.
 - A. (Turns.) Okay.

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for analysis.

- Q. AEF is an e-mail that you sent on September 16th, 21 2021, right?
- 22 A. Yes, that's correct.
- Q. And in your e-mail you're informing the team about cross-market initiatives that have been filed by Delta and United that affect some Spirit nonstop markets,

```
1
     right?
     A. If I can take a minute to read it just to confirm
 2
     that, please?
     O. Go ahead.
 4
 5
     A. (Reads.) Okay.
     Q. And do you recall the question?
 6
         No, if you could repeat that please.
8
         In your e-mail you were informing your team about
     cross-market initiatives that had been filed by Delta
10
     and United that affect some Spirit nonstop markets,
11
     right?
12
     A. Yes.
13
           MR. DOIDGE: Your Honor, plaintiffs moves that
14
     Exhibit AEF be admitted in evidence as Exhibit 794.
15
           THE COURT: No objection?
16
           MR. NAGLEY: No objection, your Honor.
17
           THE COURT: AEF is admitted, Exhibit 794.
           (Exhibit 794, marked.)
18
19
         Mr. Lage, let me ask you to turn to the second
20
     paragraph in your e-mail.
21
     A. (Turns.)
22
     Q. And there -- excuse me, in the second sentence in
     the e-mail at 9:28 a.m.
23
24
     A. (Turns.)
25
     Q. And there you explain that the cross-market
```

- initiatives filed by Delta and United may be at levels
 close to or below Spirit fare levels in the market,
 correct?
- A. That's correct. But to be a little bit more specific, I was -- file fare levels.
 - Q. Fare enough, Mr. Lage.

Now if you turn to the next sentence you write that -- you write, quote, "To make sure these levels are not used as guidance as they will eventually be cancelled in ways to normal market levels by these carriers," right?

A. That's correct.

- Q. Your expectation at the time was that the fares would be withdrawn, right?
 - A. My expectation is when it is proven that it is a cross-market initiative, these fares tend to have a short life span and they could last for hours, a day, and sometimes over a week.
 - Q. Mr. Lage, let me also ask you. If you look down at the next sentence, you're identifying the footnote that United has used for its cross-market initiatives, but no K, right?
 - A. Based on my observations at the time, that that would be accurate, yes.
 - Q. And if we look below, you've listed a set of markets

- where United has filed what you thought was a crossmarket initiative, right?
- A. Those are the markets that, according to my

 analysis, and based on the footnote and the filing

 advice from ATPCO, I was able to carve out from the data

 that I received from the ATPCO database.
- Q. And each of those markets involve a Delta hub, right?
 - A. (Turns.) Yes, it appears to be a Delta hub.

10

11

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13

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Q. All right. You can put that document aside.

Let me just ask more broadly about what you observed regarding airlines' uses of cross-market initiatives.

Now you've observed that each of the three legacy airlines and Southwest, you've observed them using cross-market initiatives, right?

- A. I would say the legacies and Southwest Airlines are the ones that, um -- and every time I come across a cross-market initiative filing, it's either legacies or Southwest Airlines.
- Q. It's not every time, right, Mr. Lage, because you've also observed JetBlue filing cross-market initiatives, right?
- A. I did observe JetBlue at one time, um, since I've
 been at Spirit, file a -- what I would consider a cross-

market initiative, but, um, after further analyzing the 1 data I realized that, um, it didn't pan out as I 2 3 expected it to pan out for a cross-market initiative fare because it eventually became part of that fare 4 5 structure for JetBlue in the market. And, Mr. Lage, let me ask you to turn to your 6 deposition transcript in your binder. 8 A. Okay. And look at Volume 1. I ask you to turn to Page 10 179. 11 A. (Turns.) 12 Actually, sir, if you'd go to the top of Page 180, 13 Mr. Lage. I'm on Page 179. 14 15 Q. You can turn to the top of Page 180, and look at 16 Line 1. 17 A. Okay. Q. And there's the question. 18 19 "So let me ask, Mr. Lage, have you also observed 20 JetBlue filing cross-market initiatives?" Answer, "I would say that I have, yes." 21 A. That's correct. 22 23 Is that the question and answer? Is that the answer 24 that you gave in your deposition?

25

A. Yes.

- Q. And was that answer truthful?
- 2 | A. Yes.

- 3 Q. Mr. Lage, Spirit doesn't file cross-market
- 4 initiatives, right?
- 5 A. As I mentioned before, at one time I did observe a
- 6 filing by --
- 7 Q. I'm not asking about JetBlue. Well let me step
- 8 back.
- 9 A. Okay.
- 10 Q. Switching topics.
- 11 Spirit doesn't file cross-market initiatives,
- 12 right?
- 13 A. Not that I have observed. But I do not -- I don't
- 14 -- I'm not involved in the filing of fares, I'm involved
- more in the observation of other airlines' filings. So
- 16 to my understanding we do not file -- we're not involved
- in cross-market initiative filings in general, but I'm
- 18 not involved in the process of filing fares and what
- 19 their reasoning behind the filings are.
- 20 Q. All right. And you don't typically observe other
- 21 airlines filing cross-market initiatives that you
- 22 believe are directed towards Spirit, right?
- 23 A. I don't believe that I have specifically observed
- 24 that.
- 25 Q. You do see them being filed in markets that Spirit

- serves nonstop though, right?
- 2 A. I have seen that, yes.

- 3 Q. And one clue to help you decipher that it's not
- 4 | directed -- that cross-market initiative isn't directed
- 5 at Spirit, is by looking at other markets where you see
- 6 that cross-market initiative occurring, right?
- 7 A. That's correct. Time permitting I try to understand
- 8 if the filing is a cross-market initiative and what
- 9 markets are involved in our network.
- 10 Q. But, for example, if you see United fares, we just
- 11 saw in a Spirit nonstop market, but also see that same
- 12 | fare basis code filed in Delta nonstop markets, that
- 13 gives you -- that indicates to you that the cross-market
- 14 initiative is likely directed at Delta, right?
- 15 A. I would have to -- like I said, it depends on how
- 16 | much time I spend on analyzing that filing, um, but --
- and what those fare levels are. So without the data in
- 18 front of me -- but I need to look at the data to
- 19 understand if the markets involved are because of
- 20 competitive issues with a specific carrier, whether it's
- 21 Spirit or any other carrier.
- 22 Q. I appreciate that, Mr. Lage. But that's a clue you
- 23 look for, right?
- 24 A. That's correct.
- 25 Q. And another clue that you look for is if you see the

```
same exact fare level, the dollar amount filed in other
1
 2
     markets, right?
 3
         That would be one observation I look for as well,
 4
     yes.
 5
     Q. All right. Mr. Lage, let me ask you to, um, turn --
     on a slightly different topic, if you could turn to Tab
 6
     AEC in your binder.
8
         (Turns.) That's "E" as in "echo"?
     Α.
         Yes, "Alpha" "Echo" "Charlie."
9
        (Turns.)
10
     Α.
11
     Q. Are you there?
12
     A. Yes, I am.
         This is a chat that you had with Rafael Weiner on
13
14
     July 15th, 2021, right?
15
         That's correct.
     Α.
16
     Q. And at the time Mr. Weiner was a pricing analyst
17
     that reported to you, right?
     A. Yes, he was.
18
19
           MR. DOIDGE: Your Honor, plaintiff moves that AEC
20
     be admitted in evidence as Exhibit 795.
21
           THE COURT: No objection?
22
           MR. NAGLEY: No objection.
23
           THE COURT: AEC is admitted, Exhibit 795.
24
           (Exhibit 795, marked.)
25
         Mr. Lage, let me direct your attention to the chat
     Q.
```

- that you placed at 7:17 p.m. 1 2 Α. Okay. 3 Q. And there you note that JetBlue is trying to possibly get American to place the last ticket date on 4 5 its fare, right? 6 Yes, that's what I wrote. And, Mr. Lage, you'd agree that the use by another 8 airline of a last ticket date could be a way for an 9 airline to suggest a fare action to another airline, 10 correct? 11 A. Could you repeat that question again? 12 O. Sure. 13 The use by another airline of a last ticket date 14 could be a way for an airline to suggest a fare action 15 to another airline, right? MR. NAGLEY: Objection, your Honor. 16 17 THE COURT: Would you ask that question again? MR. DOIDGE: Yes, your Honor. 18 19 Mr. Lage, you'd agree that the use of a last ticket 20 date by an airline could be a way to suggest a fare action to another airline? 21 22 THE COURT: No, overruled, he may have that 23 question, if the witness can answer.
- 25 airline when they put a last ticket on a fare. They

I have no way of knowing the intentions of another

could possibly be using that fare level for a sales promotion or some other initiative. That may not be a cross-market initiative or anything else. I have no way of knowing that.

- Q. Mr. Lage, let me ask you to turn again to your deposition transcript at Page 197.
- A. (Turns.)
- Q. If you could turn to the bottom of the page at Line 20.
- 10 A. Okay.

Q. The question is, "When assessing whether or not another carrier is possibly trying to suggest a fare action to another carrier, what sorts of things do you look for?" Answer, "Well that would be one specific example there. Last ticket date could be placed. The fare could be filed in more than one market. So if that's -- let's say JetBlue in this case, taking their example, they could put that fare in Newark as well, being that they may consider New York and Newark as sister cities. They may say 'Okay, if we're going to put it in New York, we need to put it in Newark as well.' So there's a lot of different things that you can look at to see what the true intent might be. At the end of the day, it's just my opinion and my analysis of what I'm seeing."

- Is that the question you asked and the answer you 1 2 gave? 3 A. Correct. Q. All right, you can put that document aside, 4 5 Mr. Lage. So, Mr. Lage, one of the fare activities that you 6 7 observe at times is something called "fare increase 8 initiatives," right? A. Yes. 9 10 And by a "fare increase initiative," you have in 11 mind that an airline has increased the fare level of a 12 single fare and group of fares in an origin and 13 destination market, right? 14 A. Correct. 15 Q. And one of the things you're monitoring is how the 16 other airlines respond to that fare increase initiative, 17 right? A. Yes. 18 19 Let me ask you to please turn to Tab AEI in your 20 binder. A. (Turns.) Okay. 21 Mr. Lage, AEI is a chat between you and Mr. Weiner 22 23 and Mr. Jensen on January 22nd, 2021, right?
- 25 Q. The chat is discussing fare actions by other

Α.

That's correct.

```
1
     airlines from New York airports to destinations in
     Florida, right?
 2
 3
         If I can take a minute to read it?
 4
     Q.
         Okay.
 5
     A. (Reads.) Okay.
     Q. Mr. Lage, again the question. The chat is
 6
     discussing the fare actions by other airlines in routes
8
     from New York airports to destinations in Florida,
     right?
9
10
     A. New York and Newark, New Jersey as well.
11
     Q. All right.
12
           MR. DOIDGE: Your Honor, the plaintiff moves that
     Exhibit AEI be admitted in evidence as Exhibit 796.
13
14
           THE COURT: No objection?
15
           MR. NAGLEY: No objection.
           THE COURT: AEI is admitted, Exhibit 796.
16
17
           (Exhibit 796, marked.)
     Q. In the chat in Mr. Weiner's message at 10:21 p.m.,
18
19
     he notes that "American hadn't followed United in
20
     canceling fares, " right?
     A. Yes.
21
         And you reply that "It will take more than one
22
23
     Domino to fall for some success, " right?
24
     A. Yes.
25
     Q. And if we look below that, Mr. Weiner responds, that
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- it could be that -- "It could be that they," referring 1 2 to American here, right? 3 A. I have no way of -- what the intention that day? It's not very specific to me. So I don't know by 4 5 "they," he means one, two airlines, three airlines, it's 6 not clear to me what he's trying to convey in this message. 8 Q. Mr. Lage, Mr. Weiner wrote, and I'll just read it, "It could be that they are remaining because of us. The 9 10 legacies may see us as the lowest common denominator. I 11 know WN saw it that way." Correct, that's what 12 Mr. Weiner wrote? 13 A. That's what he wrote, yes. 14 Q. And he asked for first Spirit, right, that much you 15 understand? 16 A. (Reads.) Yes, I would assume "us" being Spirit 17 Airlines. Q. Mr. Lage, let's look at what happened a week later. 18 19 Please turn to Exhibit 449 in your binder. 20 A. (Turns.) 21 MR. DOIDGE: And this is already in evidence. Mr. Lage, this is your Price and Activity Report 22 23 from January 20th, 2021, correct?

That's correct.

24

25 Q. And if you could turn your attention towards the

- bottom of the first page, you have a section under the 1 heading "Increases," right? 2 3 Α. Yes. And there you were describing a fare increase action 4 5 that you observed JetBlue taking, right? That's correct. 6 Α. And this action also involves New York -- routes 8 from New York airports to destinations in Florida, right, including Newark? 9 10 That's correct. 11 Q. And those are Florida cities -- these routes are 12 routes that Spirit serves nonstop, right, from one or 13 more of the New York airports? 14 Some of them are nonstop, yes. Α. 15 Q. And focusing on the last sentence you write on the 16 page, there you write, "As with JetBlue's previous 17 increase initiative filed last week, this will encounter pushback from American, United, and Delta, as these 18 19 carriers are reluctant to increase their own ULCC 20 structures," right? 21 Α. Right. So the legacy carriers have specific ULCC structures, so most often they'll want to remain
- 23 competitive with each other with these structures. 24 that's basically what I'm trying to communicate in that 25 sentence.

```
And Spirit again operates in those markets, right?
1
 2
         In some of those, yes.
 3
     Q. And in this case again, as you observed in the
     prior -- in the chat just a week earlier, Spirit is the
 4
     "lowest common denominator," right?
 5
         The "lowest common denominator" meaning for other
 6
     airlines filing their fares?
8
     Q. It's your statement, Mr. Lage, that's what you
 9
     wrote, right?
     A. Well I wouldn't necessarily say that legacy
10
11
     carriers, their only focus on filing low fares would be
12
     based on Spirit Airlines's, um, fare levels.
     Q. Mr. Lage, I'm focused on this particular -- this was
13
14
     your observation at this point, correct?
15
     A. Yes.
16
           MR. DOIDGE: I pass the witness.
17
           (Pause.)
18
           MR. NAGLEY: Just a moment, your Honor?
19
           THE COURT: Of course.
20
           (Pause.)
21
     CROSS-EXAMINATION BY MR. NAGLEY:
22
23
     Q. Good morning, Mr. Lage.
24
     A. Good morning, counsel.
25
     Q. Could you tell the Court when you started working in
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the airline industry?

- 2 A. I started working in the airline industry in 1978.
- 3 Q. Could you briefly tell the Court how you got
- 4 interested in the airline industry?
- 5 A. So, um, my interest in aviation in general, um,
- 6 became apparent once I immigrated to the United States
- 7 and took my first flight, and from that moment, from
- 8 that point on, it was just a passion that, um --- that
- 9 still exists actually.
- 10 Q. And what was your first job in the industry?
- 11 A. Um, I started as a reservation sales agent for
- 12 Northwest Airlines in 1978.
- 13 | Q. And we've heard a lot about your experience in
- 14 pricing, but what sort of jobs have you done in the
- 15 airline industry over your time?
- 16 A. How much time do we have? (Laughter.) So I've
- done, as I mentioned, a reservation sales agent. I've
- 18 worked at the airport as well, um, the ticket counter,
- 19 um, boarding passengers, working, um, outside loading
- 20 and offloading the aircraft, deicing the aircraft. I've
- 21 | worked in the cargo operations for airlines as well. I
- 22 have been a station trainer and I've done pricing for
- 23 the airlines. Pretty much everything you can think of
- 24 except flying the aircraft, which I still have time to
- 25 do if I -- (Laughter.) If I can do it.

- 1 Q. I believe you can, Mr. Lage.
- 2 When did you start working at Spirit?
- 3 A. I started working at Spirit Airlines in 2017.
- 4 Q. And can you remind the Court, what's your current
- 5 title?
- 6 A. Currently I'm the pricing -- the Senior Pricing
- 7 Manager for the Pricing Technical Team.
- 8 Q. And who do you currently report to at Spirit?
- 9 A. I currently report to Eric Monahan, who's the Vice-
- 10 President of Pricing and Revenue Management.
- 11 Q. And at a high level, and it would be helpful, if you
- 12 | would explain what the function is of Pricing and
- 13 Revenue Management at an airline?
- 14 A. So in most of the airlines that I've worked, there
- are two specific groups. One group handles the filing
- 16 of fares structure for a specific market, and the --
- 17 what the other group is responsible for is deciding, out
- 18 of those fare levels that are filed in a specific
- 19 market, the structure, what fare levels to make
- 20 available for the customer to purchase.
- 21 Q. So if you could expand a little bit, because I think
- 22 | it would be helpful, what's the difference between a
- "filed fare" and a "selling fare"?
- 24 A. So the best way I can describe that is, um, if
- 25 you, as a consumer, are walking into a store to purchase

a specific product, the file fare would be equivalent to you walking into the store and there's 10 shelves of the same product, each shelf price, let's say it's \$10 every shelf, from 10 to 100, that is the file fare. You may walk in and find that only the bottom three shelves do not have the product, meaning that that store wants to charge you \$40 for their product. You may come back 2 hours later and that \$10 shelf may be stocked and you'll be able to buy it for \$10. So that's as basic as -- I just wanted to explain the complexity of filing a fare as opposed to making a fare available for purchase by a consumer.

- Q. And how do your responsibilities on the Pricing

 Technical Team relate to what you just described about

 the difference between filing and selling fares?
- A. My responsibilities are basically to gather tactical information on what other competitors are doing in my network and relate that information to the revenue and pricing analysts so they can better decide what fares to file and what fares to make available to purchase at the time.
- Q. All right, changing subjects a little bit, Mr. Lage.

The government asked you, today and yesterday a little bit, about Pricing Activity Reports. Do you remember that conversation?

A. Yes.

- 2 Q. Um, can you just remind us again what a Pricing
- 3 Activity Report is?
- 4 A. So the Pricing Activity Report is a report that I
- 5 compose every weeknight, and sometimes on weekends, and
- 6 it basically includes high-level summarization of fare
- 7 initiatives, um, by other airlines in our network. Some
- 8 of those initiatives could be related to sales increases
- 9 and other pertinent information that we should know in
- 10 order to make better decisions.
- 11 Q. And what information do you review in preparing
- 12 these reports?
- 13 A. The information is basically taken from the ATPCO
- 14 data that we receive on a daily basis four times a day
- 15 and once on the weekends.
- 16 Q. As you mentioned earlier, again "filed fares" versus
- 17 "selling fares."
- 18 What type of fares do you report on in your
- 19 Pricing Activity Reports?
- 20 A. What type of fares?
- 21 Q. What type of fares.
- 22 A. Um, the type of fares that I report on is basically
- 23 the filed fares for other carriers.
- 24 Q. And when did you first start preparing Pricing
- 25 Activity Reports?

- A. I started preparing those shortly after I started working with Spirit Airlines in 2017.
 - Q. And how often do you write these reports?

16

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25

- A. Um, I write them every weeknight and at times on the weekends as well.
- Q. So what is your best estimate of how many Pricing
 Activity Reports you've prepared during your time at
 Spirit?
- 9 A. Um, based on my time with Spirit and quick math, I
 10 would say over 1500 fares -- sorry, over 1500 reports
 11 have been sent out.
- 12 Q. And the government's shown you under 5 today?
- 13 A. I didn't count, but it sounds pretty accurate.
- Q. Now let me ask you about another report that you prepare.

Can you tell the Court what a 037 AP report is?

MR. DOIDGE: Your Honor, objection, it's outside the scope.

THE COURT: It is, but, um --

MR. DOIDGE: And he's not on their witness list.

THE COURT: Well let's see. You called him as an adverse witness and therefore -- all right. We've talked about this.

What do you say to that?

MR. NAGLEY: I say that we -- in our agreement we

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said anyone they put on the report we could call.
1
     I'm not leading the witness and --
 2
 3
           THE COURT: No, you're not. No, you're not.
     question is whether it's now or later? The man's here.
 4
 5
     But you don't get to put your case in in the middle of
 6
     their case, save by agreement, and they don't agree. So
     it's beyond know the scope and, um, he's an adverse
8
     witness, so my instinct is to sustain the objection
     without -- we're going to hear from him later then, he's
 9
     just going to come back.
10
11
           But that's what you prefer?
12
           MR. DOIDGE: Yes, your Honor.
           THE COURT: Very well.
13
14
           MR. COHEN: Your Honor, may I be heard?
15
           THE COURT: Yes.
16
           MR. COHEN: We have an agreement with the
17
     government that we can --
18
           THE COURT: The agreement has to be in writing.
19
           MR. COHEN: It is in writing.
20
           THE COURT:
                       Well fine. And now I have to have it
21
     before me and then I'll interpret it.
22
           MR. COHEN: The case management order provides
23
     that any witness --
24
           THE COURT: Well someone's got to give it to me
25
     now.
```

MR. COHEN: Yes, your Honor. 1 2 (Pause.) 3 MR. DOIDGE: We'll withdraw, your Honor. THE COURT: Withdrawn. All right. The government 4 5 withdraws the objection. Fine. 6 Go ahead. 7 MR. NAGLEY: Yes, sir. Thank you, your Honor. 8 Q. Mr. Lage, I'll try the question again, I know a bit of time has passed. 9 10 Can you explain to the Court what one of the 11 reports you prepare, which is a 037 AP report, what is 12 that? 13 A. So a 037 report, or you may see it named as a 14 "Closed-End Report," has to do with fare categories that 15 have 0 events they purchase, 3-day events they purchase, 16 and 7-day events they purchase. We highly focus on 17 those fares, and so every morning, every weekday in the morning I would send out a report that would give us a 18 19 high-level view of the filed fares that other 20 competitors were filing -- the lowest filed fares that 21 other competitors were filing in our market, in our nonstop markets. 22 23 And why did you prepare these reports? Q. 24 The reason for me preparing that report is to give 25 the analysts in the Revenue and Pricing Team that set --

```
that file the fares and set what fares need to be sold,
1
 2
     at what level, um, a better understanding and guidance
 3
     as to, um, help them out and make those decisions on a
     daily basis.
 4
 5
     Q. And what do the 037 AP reports show about the lowest
 6
     available fare for purchase on any given day?
         The report has -- shows nothing about availability
8
     or available fares in the market.
     Q. What does this report show about the number of seats
 9
10
     available at the lowest-filed fare?
11
     A. No availability information for a specific market in
12
     that report at all.
13
     Q. And what does this report show about any
14
     restrictions that are put on the lowest-filed fare?
15
         It's very simple, it shows no restrictions, um,
16
     regarding the fare rules or days-of-the-week travel.
17
     None of that.
     Q. And how often are Spirit's lowest-filed fares the
18
19
     same as Spirit's available fares?
20
         I have -- the question again?
21
     Q. How often are Spirit's lowest-filed fares the same
     as Spirit's available fares?
22
23
           MR. DOIDGE: Objection, foundation, your Honor.
24
           THE COURT: No, if he knows the answer, he can
```

answer.

```
I have no way of determining that.
1
     Α.
 2
           THE COURT: Well that's your answer. Thank you.
 3
         And why can't you answer that question?
         I just don't have the tools or the news to know
 4
 5
     exactly when that happens -- or when it happens.
 6
         And why would you not have the tools to know what
     the lowest available -- the lowest selling fare was?
8
           MR. DOIDGE: Objection, your Honor.
           THE COURT: No, overruled.
 9
         Why wouldn't I have the tools?
10
     Α.
11
         Um-hum.
     Q.
12
         Because in my job I don't -- that's not a tool that
     I work with. In my job I'm just analyzing filed fare
13
14
     levels, I'm not looking at what is actually selling in a
15
     market.
16
         And when did you start preparing the 037 AP reports?
17
         That report was also created shortly after I started
     working for Spirit in 2017 and it was sent out every
18
19
     weekday, um, until earlier this year when I dropped it
20
     off, my responsibilities.
21
     Q. Why did you stop preparing this report earlier this
22
     year?
23
         Um, it became apparent that we had obtained better
24
     tools known as "scraping tools" where the revenue and,
```

um, pricing analyst had a better idea what actually was

- selling in a market based on any given day or a week,

 um, for specific fare levels as well. So my report

 became kind of redundant and not really as helpful as I

 thought it would be.
 - Q. And would these scraping tools allow Spirit's pricing and revenue analysts to see fares that were selling in both the public and private --

6

12

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14

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21

- A. It would allow them to see anything, public or
 private as well. Anything that was in the other
 airlines' website for the customer to purchase would be
 seen on that scraping tool, yes.
 - Q. And what is your best estimate of how many 037 AP reports you've prepared during your time at Spirit?
 - A. Math again. Okay. So I say with my time at Spirit,
 I would say over 1200 reports were sent.
 - Q. Okay, turning now to a subject the government's asked you a lot about today and yesterday, cross-market initiatives. So I want to cover some ground again.

In your 6-plus years at Spirit, what airlines have you observed engaging in what you believe to be cross-market initiatives?

- A. They would be the legacy carriers and Southwest Airlines.
- Q. And what firsthand knowledge, if any, do you have about why the legacies and Southwest engage in fare

- actions that you perceive to be cross-market initiatives?
- A. No firsthand knowledge, it's basically based on my observations and experience.
- Q. Have you ever attempted to contact any other airline to confirm that their fare action was a cross-market initiative?
- 8 A. That's a "No."
- 9 Q. Have you ever changed your mind about whether a fare action was a cross-market initiative?
- 11 A. Many times.

19

20

21

- 12 Q. And why would you change your mind?
- A. Again because in the original filing the first
 impression, um, is that it appears to be a cross-market
 initiative and at times I've analyzed deeper into the
 initiative filed by that airline, and eventually, um,
 they -- they're buying those fares remain as part of a

specific structure or substructure in the market.

- Q. And what information do you review, um, for your observations that other airlines' fare actions might be cross-market initiatives?
- A. The information is basically, um, taken from the data I received from ATPCO.
- Q. And to what extent do you include your observations about cross-market initiatives in any reports you

1 prepare? 2 So whenever I observe these initiatives, um, they 3 become part of my Pricing Activity Report, which I sent out, um, every weeknight, at times on weekends as 4 mentioned, and they're also included in the 037 or 5 6 Closed-End report, which used to be sent, until recently, every morning on weekdays. And at times I 8 would, via e-mail, alert the specific market analysts, 9 the pricing revenue management analysts, about the 10 filing. 11 So how long can the fare actions that you perceive 12 to be cross-market initiatives last? It could be anywhere from hours within the same day, 13 14 um, it could last for a few days, sometimes over a week. 15 And how if at all can a single cross-market 16 initiative change over time? 17 A. So there's multiple ways that initiative can be changed and the two most common ways would be either for 18 19 the market scope to change, become smaller or larger, or 20 it could be based on fare-level exchanging, either 21 higher or lower, depending on the filing. 22 Q. Now since in your observations cross-market 23 initiatives could last for several days or more than a 24 week, how many times could the same cross-market

initiative appear in your reports?

A. So if we're looking at the Pricing Activity Report that's sent out every night, that cross-market initiative would be included in the first data that initiative is filed, that I observe to be filed, would be on that report. If there were any changes after that, after a few days I would report it again. And then eventually, until the market initiative was cancelled out of our network, then I would report it in that report as well.

In the 037 or Closed-End report, um, that was sent out until earlier this year, that cross-market initiative fare level would be there from the first day it's filed. It would stay throughout that report every day, it will come up, that fare level will come up every day in that report, um, until there was any changes in the fare level, and eventually until the fare was canceled.

- Q. So in the well-over 1500 Pricing Activity Reports you have prepared, how often have you noted the existence of what you believe to be a distinct crossmarket initiative?
- A. Very rarely. I would say I've come across maybe once a month.
- Q. And let's get to a subject that the Department of Justice asked you about specifically.

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24

25

Α.

(Looks.)

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In your 6-plus years at Spirit, how often have you
seen JetBlue engaging in what you believe to be a cross-
market initiative?
    Again, so I observed JetBlue file what I appear to
consider a cross-market initiative at the time, but it
turned out it was not a cross-market initiative based on
the results of how that fare behaved through the days.
Q. And how did you determine that the JetBlue fare was
not a cross-market initiative?
    The way I determined that is because eventually that
fare became part of the JetBlue structure as a
competitive fare to other airlines in that market.
Q. Okay. Other than that one time when you observed
what you thought was a cross-market initiative by
JetBlue, how many other times have you observed JetBlue
engage in what you believe to be a cross-market
initiative?
A. I have not observed any other filings as such for
JetBlue.
Q. Thank you, Mr. Lage.
      MR. NAGLEY: Just a moment, your Honor.
      (Pause.)
    Mr. Lage, can I turn your attention please to what
Q.
the government's marked as Lage Demonstrative E.
```

- Q. And, Mr. Lage, you testified earlier that
 Demonstrative E provides an overview of footnotes that
 you believe were associated with some of Spirit's
 competitors, is that correct?
 A. Yes.
 Q. And just to be clear about its provenance, you
- Q. And just to be clear about its provenance, you testified that this demonstrative is based on a document you create called "OA Structural Review," is that correct?
- 10 A. That would be accurate, yes.

- 11 Q. And who do you distribute OA Structural Review to?
 - A. This is my report that is distributed, this is a personal report that I use as a, um, cheat sheet or reference to help me analyze data much quicker.
 - Q. And, Mr. Lage, could you tell the Court how you use the "Remarks" column in the document?
 - A. The "Remarks" column is basically giving me an indication of, um, what to look for. If I receive data and we receive data from ATPCO on a daily basis, on average 4 million fares have to be reviewed, and if I see a large filing for a specific airline that has a specific footnote associated with it, I can quickly go to this cheat sheet in reference and it will give me an indication of what to look for in my analysis and it saves me time throughout the day.

- 1 Q. So let's walk through this just a little bit.
- 2 If I could direct your attention to Rows 2 through
- 3 12, what do these rows show?
- 4 A. So Rows 2 through 12 are showing the American
- 5 Airlines, um, footnotes that were filed in ATPCO and
- 6 were being used, in my observations, um, to file
- 7 initiatives of competitors with other airlines in the
- 8 American Airlines network.
- 9 Q. And looking at the Remarks column, can you identify
- 10 rows that record your observations of footnotes that
- 11 | American used for competition with JetBlue?
- 12 A. Yes, I can. So Row Number 9, at the time that I
- 13 | made this review, American was using Footnote B3 to file
- 14 | competitive fares to compete with JetBlue in their
- 15 network.
- 16 Q. So you observed American using one footnote for
- 17 | competition with JetBlue, correct?
- 18 A. That would be accurate, yes.
- 19 Q. Next I'd like to direct your attention to Rows 13
- 20 through 41, please.
- 21 A. (Turns.)
- 22 Q. Would you tell the Court what these rows show?
- 23 A. So these rows are showing me the footnotes that
- 24 United had filed in ATPCO that were associated with, um,
- 25 fares that United was filing to what I observed to be

competitor fares versus other airlines in the United Airlines network.

- Q. And can you identify rows that record your observations of footnotes that you might have used for competition with JetBlue?
- A. So the first one, um, if you go to Row, um, 29, in my observation United was using Footnote BE to match, um, specific competitive fares with JetBlue in their network. (Looks.) Rows 34, United was using H2 at the time to match and file fares competitive to JetBlue in the network as well. Row 35, United was using Footnote JK to match JetBlue's fares in the network. Going down the line. 38, United was using footnote NE to match JetBlue. 39, United was using Footnote NR to match JetBlue substructure. And Row 40, United was also using Z5 to match JetBlue.

And just to be clear, when I say "match," again it's not an exact match, but it's a filing that is competitive with some sort of fare that JetBlue had in their structure in the market.

- Q. And then I know the font is smaller, so maybe it's better on your screen, Mr. Lage, but I would also ask you to look at, um, if you could tell me what Row 31 indicates to you?
- 25 A. 31?

Q. Yes.

- 2 A. Yeah, that's another footnote that United was using
- 3 to match JetBlue.
- 4 Q. And so United used 7 footnotes for competition with
- 5 JetBlue according to your observations, correct?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. Let's now look at Rows 42 to 59.
- 8 A. (Turns.)
- 9 Q. What do these rows show?
- 10 A. Okay. So this would be Southwest Airlines, um,
- 11 | footnotes that were filed in ATPCO at this time to file
- 12 fares associated with other carriers in the Southwest
- 13 network.
- 14 Q. And can you identify rows that record your
- 15 observations of footnotes that Southwest used for
- 16 | competition with JetBlue?
- 17 A. So Row 43, um, Southwest at the time was using
- 18 footnote 1B to match, um, filed competitive fares with
- 19 | JetBlue. And if you go down to Row 59, Southwest was
- 20 using Footnote H2 to file competitive fares with
- 21 JetBlue, in their network.
- 22 Q. So Southwest used two footnotes for competition with
- 23 JetBlue, correct?
- 24 A. That would be correct.
- 25 Q. And then finally, I'd like to direct your attention

```
to Rows 60 to 83 of Demonstrative E?
1
           THE COURT: How many times did you perceive that
 2
 3
     Southwest was using those footnotes?
           THE WITNESS: At the time that I was reviewing the
 4
 5
     data, it was just a one-time capture.
           THE COURT: I understand that.
 6
 7
           THE WITNESS: Yes.
8
           So, um, as far as how many times? It all depends
     how -- so if we look at the travel dates for each
 9
10
     footnote, um, on Row 59, those fares went on till
11
     February 15th. So up to that point, if Southwest filed
12
     fares with this footnote, I would know right away that
13
     they were associated with JetBlue.
14
           THE COURT: All right. Thank you.
15
           Mr. Nagley, go ahead.
16
         And finally I'd like to direct your attention to
17
     Rows 60 to 83, Mr. Lage.
           Could you tell the Court what these rows show?
18
19
     A. Yes. So these are the Delta Airlines footnotes
20
     filed in ATPCO to file competitive fares versus other
     airlines in their network.
21
     Q. And the last time for this exercise, Mr. Lage. Can
22
23
     you identify rows that record your observations of
24
     footnotes that Delta used to file competitive fares with
25
     JetBlue?
```

So Row 61, um, I'm showing Delta using Footnote 1P 1 at the time to file competitive fares versus JetBlue. 2 3 Row 66, I'm seeing Delta using Footnote 4J to file competitive fares versus JetBlue. Row 69, Delta was 4 5 using Footnote AJ to file competitive fares versus 6 JetBlue in the network. Row 75, um, Footnote B4 used for the same purpose, matching JetBlue and possibly American Airlines in the network. Rows 76, Footnote B7 8 was being used by Delta at the time to file competitive 9 10 fares with JetBlue. And finally, 77, um, Delta was 11 using Footnote B9 to match what appear to be either 12 Alaska and possibly JetBlue as well. 13 And so Delta used 6 footnotes for competition with 14 JetBlue, according to your observations, correct? 15 That would be correct. Α. 16 So, Mr. Lage, you've identified 16 footnotes that 17 you observed American, Delta, United, and Southwest, use for competition with JetBlue, does my math sound right? 18 19 It sounds good, yes. 20 And how many of these footnotes, for any of those 21 four carriers, relate specifically to competition with Spirit? 22 23 A. Um, none in this document that I can see. 24 MR. NAGLEY: Thank you, your Honor. I pass the

25

witness.

```
THE COURT: Anything further for this witness?
 1
           MR. DOIDGE: Just very briefly, your Honor.
 2
 3
           THE COURT: Okay.
 4
 5
     REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. DOIDGE:
 6
     Q. Mr. Lage, let me ask you to turn to Exhibit 699 in
     your binder.
8
     A. (Turns.) Okay.
     Q. Mr. Lage, this is an example of one of the 037
9
10
     reports that Mr. Nagley was referring, um, discussing
11
     with you, right?
12
         037 and the Closed-End are basically the same, yes.
13
     Q. And if we could turn to the spreadsheet.
14
     A. (Turns.)
15
         It's a PDF, I think. If you could just take a look
16
     at Row 9 for an example. All right?
17
     A. (Turns.)
     Q. Row 9 is what you were recording with respect to
18
19
     the, um, the Atlanta, Philadelphia market, right?
20
         Yes, this is showing the filed fare levels for these
21
     carriers in our market, yes.
     Q. And in this particular market Spirit had the lowest
22
23
     fare of $56, right?
24
     A. The lowest-filed fare, yes.
25
     O. And that's well below the lowest-filed fare for both
```

- 1 American and Delta of \$183, right?
- 2 A. It's lower, yes.
- 3 Q. And you'd understand American and Delta to be
- 4 offering nonstop service in that market because those
- 5 involve hubs for those two airlines, right?
- 6 A. It would be safe to assume that they were offering
- 7 | nonstop service, yes.
- 8 Q. And you understand that United would only be
- 9 offering connection service, right?
- 10 A. That's correct.
- 11 Q. And even though it is only offering connection
- 12 service, United is matched exactly with its filed fare
- of \$183 with American and Delta, right?
- 14 A. United, like any other airline, filed a
- 15 competitive fare in the market, yes.
- 16 | Q. And Southwest with respect to -- and we're focusing
- on the OAP fares there, Southwest has also matched
- 18 | exactly the \$183, right?
- 19 A. It appears Southwest has filed competitive fares as
- 20 well, yes.
- 21 Q. And JetBlue's lowest-filed fare is \$298, right?
- 22 A. The lowest-filed fare for JetBlue in this market is
- 23 \$298, that's correct.
- 24 Q. And just to clarify something, Mr. Lage. It's not
- 25 possible for the airline, with respect to a OAP fare,

for within that window, within that booking window, it's 1 not possible for an airline to actually be selling a 2 fare at a lower level than the filed fare that you're observing here, right? 4 5 Can you repeat the question again? Sure. Let's assume I'm looking to purchase a ticket 6 one day in advance of my travel. 8 Okay. Α. So I need to buy a walk-up fare, right? 10 Um-hum. Α. 11 Q. Are you with me? 12 A. Yes. 13 It's not possible -- so let's take the JetBlue fare 14 of \$293 -- \$298. It's not possible for JetBlue to offer 15 a lower fare to sell -- to be selling a lower fare on 16 that date than the \$298 that you've identified as a 17 filed fare, right? That's correct. \$298 just tells me that's the 18 19 lowest-filed fare in the market, it's not necessarily --20 it's not necessarily telling me what JetBlue is actually 21 selling that walk-up or day-of-departure fare level. It could be even greater than 298. 22 23 THE COURT: You've answered my question. 24 Stepping back, Mr. Lage. We see here American,

Delta, United, and Southwest are all lined up at \$183 in

```
1
     that market. And fair to say, Mr. Lage, that in your
     experience it's not uncommon to see those four carriers
 2
     lined up with respect to their fare levels, right?
         Again it's very common to see filed fare levels that
 4
 5
     are lined up because every airline wants to have
     something competitive in the event that they need to
 6
     make that fare available.
8
     Q. And again, Mr. Lage, if I am a consumer trying to
     purchase a ticket one day in advance of my travel, I
 9
10
     can't buy a ticket for less than $183 on any of those
11
     four airlines, right?
12
     A. Based on the data at this time when I make the
13
     report, the lowest you could possibly find available for
14
     any of these four carriers would be $183, that's
15
     correct.
16
     Q. Okay, thank you.
17
           MR. DOIDGE: No further questions.
           THE COURT: Nothing further for this witness?
18
19
           MR. NAGLEY: No, your Honor, thank you very much.
20
           THE COURT: All right, you may step down. Thank
21
     you.
22
           Call your next witness.
23
           MR. DUFFY:
                       Thank you, your Honor. We'll be
24
     calling Claire Roeschke of JetBlue.
25
           THE COURT: She may be called.
```

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1
            (Noise in courtroom.)
           THE COURT: Quiet in here. The Court is in
 2
 3
     session. You can have all these binder people walk
     around, but this isn't a recess.
 4
 5
           (CLAIRE ROESCHKE, sworn.)
           MS. BALDWIN: Good morning, your Honor.
 6
 7
           THE COURT: Good morning. You may proceed.
8
           MS. BALDWIN: Maisie Baldwin for the United
9
     States.
10
           THE COURT: Yes, Ms. Baldwin.
11
           * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
12
           CLAIRE ROESCHKE
13
           *****
14
15
     DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. BALDWIN:
16
17
     Q. Good morning, Ms. Roeschke. Would you please state
     and spell your full name for the record.
18
19
     A. Sure. Claire Roeschke. C-L-A-I-R-E. Last name
20
     Roeschke, R-O-E-S-C-H-K-E.
21
     Q. Thank you. And, Ms. Roeschke, are you currently
     employed by JetBlue Airways?
22
23
     A. Yes.
     Q. You've worked for JetBlue since 2019?
24
25
     A. That's correct.
```

- 1 Q. And when you started at JetBlue, you were a Senior
- 2 Analyst in the Strategy and Business Development
- 3 department, right?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. And then in 2021, in June, you were promoted to be a
- 6 manager in the Strategies Business Development group?
 - A. That's correct.
- 8 Q. And then in January of 2023, you became a manager in
- 9 JetBlue's Integration Management Office, right?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. And that's your current title at JetBlue?
- 12 A. Yes, a manager of the Integration Management Office,
- also known as the "IMO."
- 14 Q. You anticipated my next question.
- 15 Ms. Roeschke, JetBlue's Integration Management
- 16 Office was created to plan the incorporation of Spirit's
- assets into the JetBlue brand if this deal closes, is
- 18 that fair?
- 19 A. Yes, that's a general description of the two groups
- 20 coming together to plan for the eventual potential close
- 21 in the transaction.
- 22 Q. And in your role in the IMO, Mrs. Roeschke, you
- 23 worked closely with Goldman Sachs?
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 Q. Goldman Sachs served as a financing partner for this

transaction?

- 2 A. They served as an advisor for us as well as a
- 3 financing partner.
- 4 Q. And in your role as a liaison between JetBlue and
- 5 | Goldman Sachs -- let me start again.
- 6 In their role as an advisor to JetBlue, Goldman
- 7 Sachs reviewed JetBlue's projections about the
- 8 transaction to determine whether JetBlue was paying a
- 9 fair price to acquire Spirit, right?
- 10 A. Yeah, that was one of the assistants who assisted us
- 11 during the transaction.
- 12 Q. Goldman Sachs issued a document to confirm that the
- 13 terms of the opposition were fair to JetBlue, right?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. And they rendered that in the summer of 2022?
- 16 A. Yeah, that's the right time.
- 17 Q. And that's called a Fairness Opinion, right,
- 18 Ms. Roeschke?
- 19 A. That is, I believe, what it's described as, yeah.
- 20 Q. And before they rendered their Fairness Opinion, you
- 21 | worked closely with Goldman Sachs to provide them
- 22 information about JetBlue and Spirit, right?
- 23 A. Correct.
- 24 Q. And you understood that the purpose of that was to
- 25 | feed their Fairness Opinion?

- 1 A. Yes, and, um, provide them context as to, um, yeah,
- 2 the value that was part of the deal. But they were
- 3 acting as an advisor as well as a financing partner, so
- 4 they kind of intermingled.
- 5 Q. And you understood that Fairness Opinion ultimately
- 6 went to JetBlue's board of directors, right?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. And that helped inform JetBlue's board of directors
- 9 about whether to approve the current terms of the deal?
- 10 A. That's correct.
- 11 Q. Some of the work that you did included preparing
- 12 projections for a combined JetBlue-Spirit fleet, right?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. And you worked on these fleet projections with
- 15 colleagues of yours at JetBlue, right?
- 16 A. That's correct.
- 17 Q. And that included Ms. Elle Garella?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 | Q. And what was Ms. Garella's title at that time?
- 20 A. She was also a manager in the Strategy and Business
- 21 Development group.
- 22 Q. So you were in sort of parallel roles?
- 23 A. Correct, we were peers.
- 24 Q. In addition to creating fleet projections, you also
- 25 provided Goldman Sachs with financial models, is that

- right? 1 That's true. 2 3 And those financial models were called the "Spirit Standalone Model" and the "JetBlue Standalone Model," 4 5 right? A. That's correct. 6 And you were the person at JetBlue who was primarily 8 responsible for this so-called "Spirit Standalone Model," right? 9 10 A. Yes. 11 Q. And to create the Spirit Standalone Model, before 12 you sent it to Goldman Sachs, you started with Spirit's 13 ordinary-course 5-year financial plan, right? 14 A. A plan that we had developed internally at JetBlue, 15 yes. 16 Q. But the starting point for that development was 17 Spirit's Standalone 5-year financial plan, right? A. Yeah, so it was a plan that we had for Spirit. But 18 19 the Strategy and Business Development team had 20 developed, um, forecasts and projections for what Spirit 21 might do. I think you're jumping ahead a few steps, 22 23 Ms. Roeschke.
 - The very starting point of that model that you're describing now was Spirit's internal ordinary-course

- 1 5-year financial plan, right?
- 2 A. Yes, I mean it wasn't their internal plan, it was
- 3 our plan that our team had modeled. Sorry, I'm --
- 4 Q. That's okay. Spirit sent JetBlue its
- 5 ordinary-course 5-year financial plan sometime in the
- 6 spring of 2022, is that right?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- 8 Q. And they did that via what's called a "data room"?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And would you briefly explain what a "data room" is?
- 11 A. It was an online way to exchange documents in a
- 12 secure way. It was set up for us to exchange documents
- as part of a due diligence process for the transaction.
- 14 Q. So when you're referring to this Spirit Standalone
- Model, that's a bit of a misnomer because it reflects
- 16 | changes that JetBlue made to Spirit's internal
- 17 production for itself, right?
- 18 A. It's our view on what Spirit might do.
- 19 Q. And in the process of your due diligence, you also
- 20 reviewed Spirit's order book, right?
- 21 A. Correct.
- 22 Q. Spirit's order book contains something called "firm
- 23 orders"?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. And would you explain what "firm orders" are,

- Ms. Roeschke?
- 2 A. Sure. "Firm orders" are aircraft that have
- 3 contracts associated with them. So they could be
- 4 contracts with Airbus, um, another manufacturer, or a
- 5 lessor.

- 6 Q. Okay. Spirit's order book also contains something
- 7 called "Options," right?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And those are options for aircraft that a purchaser
- 10 has the option to buy or not, right?
- 11 A. Right, the right to acquire an aircraft at a later
- 12 date.
- 13 | Q. Specifically a deadline by which a buyer needs to
- 14 execute an option, right?
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. And the terms of Spirit's then-existing options were
- disclosed to JetBlue during that diligence process in
- 18 the spring and summer of 2022?
- 19 A. That's correct.
- 20 Q. In addition to the Spirit Standalone Model that
- 21 | JetBlue created, you were also responsible for reviewing
- 22 and sending JetBlue's Standalone Model to Goldman Sachs,
- 23 right?
- 24 A. Yes. I reviewed it, but I didn't create it.
- 25 Q. It contained similar information to the Spirit

- Standalone Model?
- 2 | A. Yes.

- 3 Q. So Goldman Sachs received the Spirit Standalone
- 4 Model and the JetBlue Standalone Model and then
- 5 projected what a combined JetBlue/Spirit would look
- 6 like?
- 7 A. Yes, but they are, um -- they did include synergies
- 8 on top of that. So there were synergy models that were
- 9 sent to them as well. They would be incremental on top
- 10 of what the two standalone companies would do on their
- 11 own.
- 12 Q. So once you layered the synergies and dissynergies,
- 13 | we have what's called a "Pro Forma Model"?
- 14 A. That's correct.
- 15 Q. And this Spirit Standalone Model that JetBlue
- 16 created and the Spirit 5-year financial plan have
- different assumptions for the number of aircraft that
- would be in Spirit's fleet in the future, right?
- 19 A. That's correct.
- 20 Q. The Spirit Standalone Model has a lower fleet count
- 21 than what Spirit's standalone 5-year financial
- 22 projection shows, right, Ms. Roeschke?
- 23 A. Yes, our internal view of what Spirit would do
- 24 included the firm commitments which were lower than what
- 25 they had included in their financial plan, which

```
included extra aircraft that did not have firm
 1
 2
     commitments.
 3
         To say it differently, Spirit's own internal 5-year
     financial plan had additional aircraft that JetBlue did
 4
 5
     not account for in the deal model, right?
         They had additional aircraft, correct, that we did
 6
     not account for, because when looking at the valuation
8
     of this deal, we felt that firm commitments were the
     best way and most conservative way to model.
 9
10
     Q. And so at the time the Spirit so-called "Spirit
11
     Standalone Model" that was being developed at JetBlue,
12
     you analyzed how the Spirit 5-year financial plan
13
     compared the number of aircraft that JetBlue would want
14
     to obtain post-transaction, is that what I'm hearing you
15
     say?
16
     A. It's what we would obtain. When we were thinking
17
     about what we're acquiring, um, it's assets, it's
     liabilities, it's obligations. So to us it's something
18
19
     that we would inherit as part of this transaction and
20
     inevitably pay for. And so that's what we, um -- that's
21
     why we contemplated it that way, versus using extra
     aircraft that would not be an obligation to JetBlue upon
22
23
     signing -- or closing rather.
24
         I want to talk a bit about the analysis you
```

conducted in May of 2022 regarding the number of

- aircraft in Spirit's 5-year financial plan and the
 number of aircraft JetBlue wanted to obtain post-merger.
- 3 So if you would, um, there's a small binder in front of
- 4 you. If you would turn to the Tab labeled KR.
- 5 A. (Turns.)
- Q. Sorry, it's not "CR" for you, that would have been
- 7 too convenient.
- 8 A. (Laughs.)
- 9 Q. Ms. Roeschke, this is an e-mail that you sent to
- 10 Ms. Ursula Hurley, Mr. Derek Klinka, Ms. Russo, and
- 11 Mr. Eric Friedman?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. And at the time of this e-mail all four of those
- 14 individuals were colleagues of yours at JetBlue?
- 15 A. That's correct.
- 16 Q. You sent this e-mail to them on May 2nd, 2022?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. The subject line reads "Fleet Rationalization"?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. And you also attached an EXCEL file named "Project
- 21 | Exchange Fleet Rationalization," right?
- 22 A. That's correct.
- 23 Q. And you did in fact send this e-mail, Ms. Roeschke?
- 24 A. Sorry?
- 25 Q. You did in fact send this e-mail?

```
I did, yes.
1
     Α.
           MS. BALDWIN: Your Honor, at this time plaintiffs
 2
     move to admit Exhibit KR in evidence as 797.
 3
           THE COURT: Objection?
 4
 5
           MR. HAUSER: No objection.
           THE COURT: KR is admitted, Exhibit 797.
 6
 7
           (Exhibit 797, marked.)
8
           MS. BALDWIN: And at the request of defense
     counsel, this document contains a number of redactions,
 9
     so we will publish the redacted versions on all of them.
10
11
     Q. And, Ms. Roeschke, you'll see there's a discrepancy
12
     in what you see in your binder and what's on the screen.
     Again at the request of your counsel, please take care
13
14
     not to divulge any of the specific numbers that are
15
     blacked out.
16
           Does that make sense?
17
     A. Yes.
     Q. I want to return to the subject line of your e-mail.
18
19
     You called this e-mail "Fleet Rationalization." Do you
20
     see that?
21
     A. Yes.
     Q. What did you mean here by "Fleet Rationalization"?
22
23
     A. So "rationalization" is a pretty loose term, it can
24
     be used, um, to describe a number of things, but
25
     generally it means optimizing an order book, um, for the
```

number or the type of aircraft. So really what I meant here is making a choice between, um, a few different opportunities we had of fleet counts that were available to us. So rationalizing between the two.

THE COURT: This is just a parenthetical comment for case administration.

The way -- up till this document, but this may be my fault, the way you've handled redactions, um, I find fully acceptable and sensible, and I get an unredacted copy but the unredacted copy has a red box around those matters which the parties, or at least the defendants' parties consider confidential, and so far, one, that's an excellent way to proceed, and, two, I don't see anything that would cause me trouble in preserving defendants' confidentiality when I come to explain, as I must explain, the decision in this case.

In this document you refer to it as -- the redactions as "numbers blacked out," but I can't tell what's redacted. And I interrupt because I would prefer, and in fact I think I will give notice to the parties, if when I come to discharge my function under Rule 52, I don't, up till now, and I'm not saying for this witness, it's just a procedural matter. So far it looks to me I can stay away from anything they want to redact, which appears to be future activity and the

```
1
     like, all of which makes sense to me. I don't know what
 2
     to do with this document if I'm going to use it in the
 3
     findings of fact.
           Do you understand my concern?
 4
 5
           MS. BALDWIN: I do, your Honor.
           THE COURT: So maybe you could tinker with it so
 6
 7
     that I know -- so that I have an unredacted document and
8
     I know what you've agreed the parties may redact.
           Forgive the interruption, but I've been so pleased
 9
10
     with the procedure up to this document, that I hope it
11
     may continue.
12
           You go right ahead.
           MS. BALDWIN: Thank you, your Honor, that's very
13
14
     helpful guidance.
15
     Q. So, Ms. Roeschke, a moment ago you mentioned that
     "fleet rationalization" is sort of a reference to
16
17
     optimizing a combined fleet between JetBlue and Spirit,
     right?
18
19
         That's the way that I'm using "rationalization,"
20
     yes.
21
     Q. And by "optimizing," you mean optimizing for
     JetBlue, right?
22
23
         Optimizing an order book for a number or type, not
24
     for JetBlue, but in a general sense.
25
         Well in this particular exercise you were
```

- rationalizing or optimizing the combined-firm fleet for the benefit of the combined firm, right?
- 3 A. Yes, that's what we're modeling.
- 4 Q. Okay. And in this document, um, Exhibit 797,
- 5 represents some of the modeling that you did based on
- 6 Spirit's 5-year financial plan, right?
- 7 | A. Yes.
- Q. This was the start of the deal-modeling process we talked about a moment ago?
- A. This was not necessarily the start of a deal-modeling process, this was, um, well within it.
- 12 | O. It was --
- A. Sorry, it was within the period which we were evaluating the deal.
- Q. Okay, so this is a step in the deal-modeling process, a midway step?
- A. Not a midway step, but I'm simply saying that
 between June, when we finalized the deal, and April,
 when we received additional documents, this is in the
- 20 middle of that.
- Q. Okay. This leaves out some of the fleet assumptions that were told to Goldman Sachs, right?
- A. This would include, um, firm orders that were included in the deal model, they're sprinkled throughout this.

- Q. Goldman Sachs ultimately received the deal model, right?
- Bl A. Yes.

14

15

16

- 4 | Q. With these numbers included?
- A. The numbers that were included did not contemplate any deferrals, they were simply the firm orders that were in the fleet plan.
- Q. You sent this along to your colleague, Ms. Garella, right?
- 10 A. At some point I do, I believe.
- 11 Q. Okay. I want to focus on the text that appears
 12 above the table.
 - Here in this exercise you were looking at the number of aircraft that combined JetBlue and Spirit would need to increase capacity exactly 5 percent between 2024 and 2025, right?
 - A. That's what this hypothetical model shows, yes.
- Q. You were also looking at the exact number of
 aircraft a combined JetBlue and Spirit would need to
 increase capacity exactly 5 percent for 2025 and 2026,
 right?
- A. That was the idea of the tool was to help us understand what that would mean.
- Q. Who asked you to conduct this exercise,
- Ms. Roeschke?

- 1 A. I don't recall exactly who. I believe it came out
- 2 of one of my due diligence calls. But I don't remember
- 3 | who instructed me to do so.
- 4 Q. Who else at JetBlue attended due diligence calls
- 5 that were arranged?
- 6 A. It was the Strategy and Business Development team
- 7 that was working on the deal as well as senior leaders
- 8 that would have oversight to this transaction.
- 9 Q. That would include Ms. Hurley?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. And she's the CFO of JetBlue?
- 12 | A. Yes.
- 13 Q. And she was at the time?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. So you don't recall who instructed you to do this,
- 16 do you recall why you were targeting the 5 percent
- 17 | growth number?
- 18 A. No, we were simply running hypothetical analyses
- 19 | like we did between April and June to better inform our
- 20 model and pressure test assumptions. It's a pretty
- 21 typical thing that our group would run, just ad hoc
- 22 analyses, to better arm, um, our analysis.
- 23 Q. And when you say April to June, you're referring to
- 24 2022, right?
- 25 A. Yes.

Q. Thank you for that clarification.

So based on this analysis -- again still focused on the text above the tables here, you determined that Spirit's internal 5-year financial plan assumed a plug for aircraft that were not yet represented in Spirit's order book for the year 2025, right?

- A. Correct, it included noncommitted aircraft.
- Q. So a plug for aircraft here means that Spirit's 5-year financial plan assumed Spirit would get some additional aircraft that were not yet in those firm orders?
 - A. Yes, it assumed additional aircraft.
- 13 Q. Okay. So then I want to look --
- MS. BALDWIN: If we could zoom the table at the bottom of Exhibit 797. (On screen.)
- Q. And you'll see there's a sort of a subtable labeled "NK Net ADDS"?
- 18 A. Yes.

1

2

3

4

5

6

- Q. And there's a line that reads "Plugged aircraft for growth not in order book." Do you see that?
- 21 A. Yes.
- Q. And this shows your model identified there were 21 plugged aircraft that were in Spirit's 5-year financial plan that were not in Spirit's then-existing firm order book, right?

1 A. Correct. MS. BALDWIN: You can take that down and focus on 2 3 just the top table and the two lines below it. (On screen.) 4 5 Do you see there are sort of two large columns labeled "2025 v. 2024" and "2026 v. 2025"? 6 Α. Yes. 8 Q. And under each of those two primary columns there's three sort of subcolumns? 9 10 A. Yes. 11 Q. Those are labeled "Aircraft Capacity" and "ASM 12 Growth Percentage, " do you see that? 13 A. Yes. 14 The numbers in the Aircraft Column represent the 15 number of additional planes in each company's fleet for the specified year, right? 16 17 A. Yes. And the Capacity Column here represents the 18 19 additional number of available seat miles? 20 Α. Yes. 21 And these numbers are in the billions, right? That's correct. 22 Α. 23 The terminal 3 zeroes have been cut off? Q. 24 Α. Right.

Q. And the ASM Percentage Growth column is the

1 percentage of ASMs added each year compared to the prior 2 year, right? 3 A. Yes. I want to walk through just what the rows mean 4 5 briefly. 6 The first row of numbers represents JetBlue on a standalone basis, right? A. Yes. 8 Q. The second row is representing Spirit according to 10 Spirit's 5-year financial plan if it were configured at 11 JetBlue's layout, right? 12 A. Yes. 13 In that change of having them configured to 14 JetBlue's layout is important to note because Spirit's 15 aircraft typically have more seats on them than JetBlue's, right? 16 17 A. Correct, they have the most leg room, which would mean more seats. 18 19 The third row here is titled "Combined Incremental Prerationalization"? 20 21 A. Yes. That's the growth that would be achieved by a 22 23 combined JetBlue plus Spirit if JetBlue were to follow 24 Spirit's internal standalone plans and JetBlue's

standalone plans for finding aircraft, right?

- A. Correct, if Spirit couldn't contract those additional aircraft.
- 3 Q. And again the Spirit numbers here are actually
- 4 already somewhat reduced from Spirit's standalone plans
- 5 because of this assumption that the Spirit planes would
- 6 be at the JetBlue layout, right?
- 7 A. Correct, it would be the JetBlue layout and product
- 8 and experience.
- 9 O. And then the 4th row here is titled "Desired
- 10 | Combined Growth Rate Incremental," do you see that?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. And like we discussed in this exercise, you
- identified 5 percent as the desired combined growth rate
- 14 for this merger for this exercise, right?
- 15 A. That was what this exercise was trying to toggle to,
- 16 | but it's not what our standalone combined plan would
- 17 look like from a growth rate perspective. It's just the
- 18 desired rate for this exercise.
- 19 Q. The next line down says "Combined Fleet Post-
- 20 Rationalization," do you see that?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. And this row represents what the combined fleet
- 23 would look like if post-merger JetBlue were able to
- 24 pursue this desired capacity growth rate of 5 percent,
- 25 right?

- Sure, that's what this hypothetical exercise tells 1 Α. 2 us the fleet plan would be. 3 And you call that "post-rationalization," right? A. Post-rationalization in the sense of this exercise, 4 5 not in the rationalization that actually occurred, um, 6 when choosing between the financial plan and the fleet plan. 8 O. I want to look now at the values of some of these 9 tables. We're just going to walk through the 2025 10 versus the 2024 side. I want to start by looking at the 11 number of aircraft. 12 So this first row is showing that if JetBlue went on to acquire Spirit, JetBlue assumed it would add 9 13 14 additional aircraft between 2024 and 2025, right? Yes. 15 Α. 16 That's the total number of assets, not a net number? 17 A. Sorry, I'm mistaken, that is a net number. If you look at the, um, the table below, it shows the 9s and 18 19 the net and will take on 30 -- I can't see the rest of 20 it there? 21 MS. BALDWIN: If you'd zoom down briefly. (Zooms in.) 22
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. Okay, this is a net number?
- 25 A. A net number. I apologize.

```
MS. BALDWIN: Okay, we can zoom back now.
1
 2
     you.
 3
     O. The second row here shows that if JetBlue weren't to
     acquire Spirit, Spirit's internal 5-year financial plan
 4
 5
     showed it would grow by 36 incremental aircraft between
     2024 and 2026, right?
 6
         That's also a net number, I believe.
8
     Q. So an additional 36 planes would be flying for
 9
     Spirit, right, if this acquisition doesn't go through?
10
     A. If they were able to contract the incremental
11
     aircraft.
12
     Q. And so together that's a total of 45 incremental
13
     aircraft between 2024 and 2025, assuming no
14
     rationalization, right?
15
         Yes, if they were able to contract the additional.
16
         But in JetBlue's desired post-transaction world,
17
     there would only be 28 incremental aircraft, right?
18
           MR. HAUSER: Objection.
19
           THE COURT: Grounds?
20
           MR. HAUSER: Mischaracterizes the testimony.
           THE COURT: I'm not clear that it does.
21
     Overruled.
22
23
           You may answer if you understand the question.
24
           THE WITNESS: Thank you.
25
         It doesn't exactly, or at all, um, show what we
     Α.
```

```
desire to do post -- post-acquisition, and one of the
 1
 2
     growth rates that we show, and any of our standalone
 3
     models show getting to 5 percent, was just a
     hypothetical analysis that was performed that is pretty
 4
 5
     standard for our team to run in order to pressure test
 6
     all of the assumptions that we had going into our model.
         This was a hypothetical model that you sent along to
8
     Goldman Sachs?
         This model was not sent to Goldman Sachs. But the
 9
10
     Pro Forma model was, which included the confirmed
11
     combined fleet plan as well as the JetBlue fleet plan.
12
         And you created this model, Ms. Roeschke?
13
         This model here.
     Α.
14
         And you called that 28 number the "Desired Combined
15
     Growth Rate, " right, you wrote that label?
16
         I didn't write that label, but as I stated earlier,
17
     the desired combined growth rate was for this exercise,
     not necessarily for the end state for the company, it
18
19
     was for this specific toggled exercise, which in the
     text here we note that this 5 percent that you see is
20
21
     something that could be toggled. So it's something that
     I was sending across to our team to help pressure test
22
23
     up/down what this meant for what would be included in
24
     the model. And that's what that tool was able -- was
25
     supposed to enable.
```

And at the end of the day, none of these numbers ended up in the final deal model. The only numbers that ended up in the deal model were Spirit's fleet plan as firm and committed, plus a couple of incremental aircraft actually in 2025, on top of what they had planned for firm orders.

THE COURT: So help me out as to why you were doing this? You say "pressure test it up and down." I don't know what that means.

THE WITNESS: Sure.

So this 5 percent number that you see here, so in an EXCEL model you can change that around, um, to different numbers, as I'm sure you know. And what it would spit out is --

THE COURT: Don't be so sure but -(Laughter.)

THE COURT: That's why I'm asking.

THE WITNESS: Sure.

And what it would spit out would say "To get to this number you would take on more aircraft or you would take fewer aircraft." And so it was simply a way to give our senior leaders a way to understand adding this many aircraft means this gets you this much growth. And potentially, um, if Spirit cannot contract as many aircraft as they were planning, um, this is what the

```
growth rate would be.
 1
 2
           THE COURT: Thank you.
 3
     Q. Ms. Roeschke, you don't recall who asked you to
     target the 5 percent number?
 4
 5
     Α.
         No, not specifically.
 6
     Q.
         And you don't recall why 5 percent was chosen?
     Α.
         No.
8
     Q. So this model is showing that if JetBlue wanted to
     achieve what you called the "desired combined growth
 9
     rate" for this exercise, JetBlue wouldn't need all of
10
11
     the aircraft in Spirit's 5-year financial plan, right?
12
         In this hypothetical exercise, correct, you wouldn't
     need the 36 aircraft.
13
14
     Q. You wouldn't need the plugged aircraft that Spirit
15
     assumed, in its own internal standalone plan, that it
16
     would take delivery of, right?
17
           MR. HAUSER: Objection.
           THE COURT: Would you ask the question again?
18
19
         This model shows that JetBlue would not need to take
20
     delivery of all of the plugged aircraft in Spirit's
21
     standalone 5-year financial plan?
           THE COURT: Overruled.
22
23
         That's what this model shows?
     Q.
24
         That's what this model is intending to get at.
25
     doesn't mean that we wouldn't, at some point, take this
```

1 additional aircraft. But this was only a hypothetical 2 exercise that was trying to get to whatever number was 3 in that 5 percent, whether it was 8 percent, 2 percent, 10 percent. 4 5 Q. Okay, let's look at the incremental capacity numbers 6 next, Ms. Roeschke. 7 The first row is showing that again if JetBlue 8 doesn't acquire Spirit, JetBlue would add an additional 6.1 billion ASMs between 2024 and 2025? 9 10 That's correct. 11 That represents a 7.2 percent ASM growth rate for JetBlue on a standalone basis? 12 13 A. Yes. 14 The second row is showing that if JetBlue doesn't 15 acquire Spirit, but again Spirit's planes were 16 configured to JetBlue's layout, Spirit would add an 17 additional 9.9 billion ASMs between 2024 and 2025, right? 18 19 A. Yes. 20 Q. And that represents a 14.5 ASM growth rate for 21 Spirit on a standalone basis, right? A. Yes. 22 23 The third row is showing that absent any fleet 24 rationalizations, the combined JetBlue and Spirit would

add roughly 16 billion additional ASMs in 2025 versus

2024, right? 1 A. Yes, if Spirit can contract the additional 21 2 3 aircraft that they had plugged. That's an ASM growth rate of 10.5 percent, right? 4 5 A. Yes. Q. But in this modeled JetBlue-desired post-deal world, 6 there would only be about 7.6 billion additional ASMs 8 between 2024 and 2025, right? A. That's not what our model shows, this is what this 9 10 hypothetical exercise shows. 11 Q. This hypothetical exercise is showing that -- let me 12 start again. 13 This hypothetical exercise, this targeted 5 14 percent growth, shows there would only be about 7.6 15 billion additional ASM if you target at the 5 percent 16 growth rate, right? 17 A. If that's what we targeted. But again that's not what we targeted in 2025 and, um, that's -- if we're 18 19 actually thinking about what is possible to, um, to 20 deliver from Spirit or defer, if you will, so going up

and down. So delivering additional or deferring

control over what is actually coming in. So the

additional, um, in 2025, JetBlue would have almost no

analysis for 2025 is something that is likely already

set in stone by the time we would close this deal.

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Q. This deal model that you conducted did not -- sorry, not this one, but the deal model that you conducted did not assume the entire plug, right?

A. It assumed a portion of the plug in 2025. We assumed on top of the committed fleet plan, because between signing and closing we assumed -- so they had an option deadline coming up, so that's -- sorry, I don't have the red boxes on this document. I can't see what is redacted.

Okay. So the five options. We did assume that they would exercise those on their own before we had closed the deal, and so that was included in our 2025 fleet plan to them. And we also assumed that they would contract an additional 10 aircraft, um, between signing and closing, and as if they were a standalone company, because Spirit still has to assume that that could be an outcome. And so we assume that, um, they would contract an additional 10 deliveries in 2025 for a total of 15 on top of their committed fleet plan, because we wanted to -- at the end of the day our exercise was to value the combined company and we wanted to better understand what we would be inheriting at the end of the day. And that's why we included an additional 15 aircraft that they would have, on their own, contracted between signing and closing.

So that's why I say a portion of the plug, um, we would have contemplated as well. So not just the fleet plan, but fleet plan-plus.

- Q. The number of plugged aircraft that you identified in this exercise is 2021 -- I'm sorry, is 21 for the year of 2025, right?
- A. Yes.

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- Q. And in the text above the table you write that
 "JetBlue may not need to defer any aircraft at all,"
 right?
- 11 A. That's correct.
- Q. Because in order to optimize for the combined entity, you didn't want these additional plugged aircraft, right?
 - A. That's not true, it's something we're continuing to explore over time, because we had not set out a business plan for this company yet. What we were doing here is valuing the combined transaction and business plan and it takes a lot more than a limited set of people with a limited set of information modeling this out.
- Q. Do you know whatever happened to those 21 plugged aircraft?
- 23 A. No, I'm not aware.
- 24 Q. All right.
- MS. BALDWIN: We'll pass the witness.

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            THE COURT: Actually it's a good time -- if you
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     want to inquire, it's a good time to take the recess
 3
     because I have a meeting at 10:45.
 4
           Do you want to inquire?
           Well we'll take the recess now and we'll go to
 5
     11:15. We'll stand in recess.
 6
7
            THE CLERK: All rise.
8
            (Recess, 10:42 a.m.)
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CERTIFICATE I, RICHARD H. ROMANOW, OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER, do hereby certify that the foregoing record is a true and accurate transcription of my stenographic notes before Judge William G. Young, on Thursday, November 16, 2023, to the best of my skill and ability. /s/ Richard H. Romanow 11-16-23 RICHARD H. ROMANOW Date